

DEPARTMENT OF
AQUATIC RESOURCES
(SLU Aqua)

SCIENCE AND EDUCATION FOR SUSTAINABLE STAFF

Spatiotemporal patterns in harbour porpoise
(*Phocoena phocoena*) bycatch in the Swedish
gillnet fishery (In review; Global Ecology and
Conservation)

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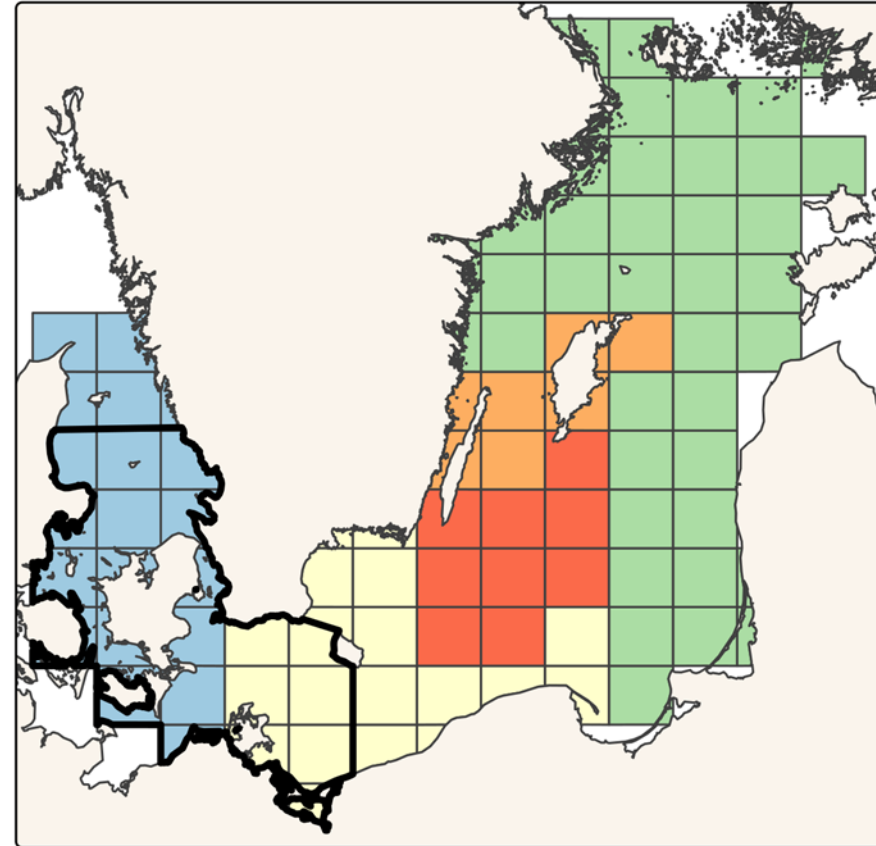
Aim:

- Estimate the number of harbour porpoise bycaught in the Swedish gillnet fishery
 - Spatiotemporal patterns in bycatch?
 - How many harbour porpoise are bycaught along the Swedish south coast?



Monitoring (2020-2024)

- Electronic monitoring
 - 400-600 fishing trips per year.
- Onboard observers
 - 100-150 fishing trips per year.

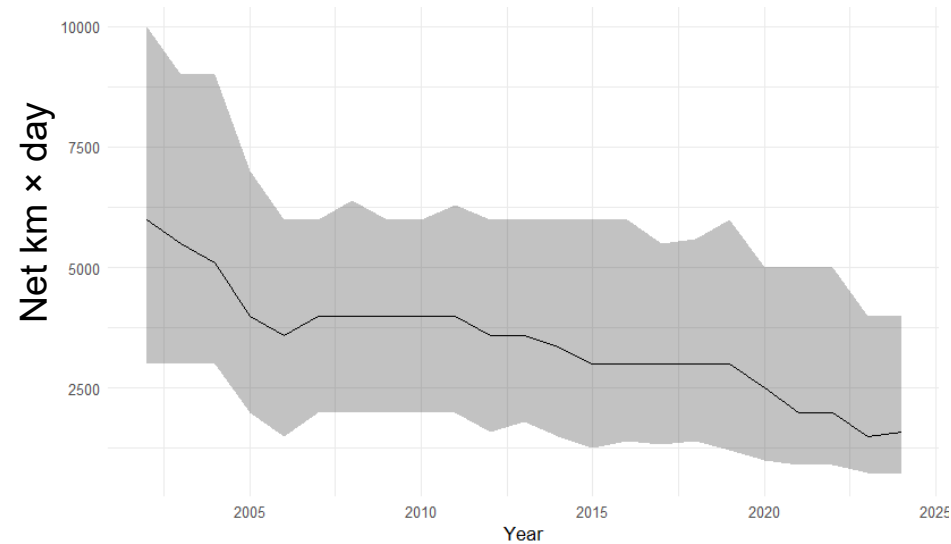


Monitoring (2020-2024)

Area	Quarter	Number of hauls	Monitoring effort	Coverage
West	1	733	921	0.094
West	2	1320	1879	0.170
West	3	624	522	0.061
West	4	477	350	0.059
South	1	8	19	0.027
South	2	215	457	0.120
South	3	191	409	0.200
South	4	47	111	0.180

Fishing effort

- Fisheries logbook data
- Decreased gillnet fishery (Hentati-Sundberg, J. 2017; Aqua Reports 2017)



Methods

Model based estimation of bycatch

1. Estimating bycatch rate

- Number of individuals bycaught during haul i

$$n_i \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda_i)$$

- Expected number of individuals bycaught during haul i

$$\log(\lambda_i) = f(M_i, A_i, Q_i) + \log(\text{eff}_i^{\text{monitoring}})$$

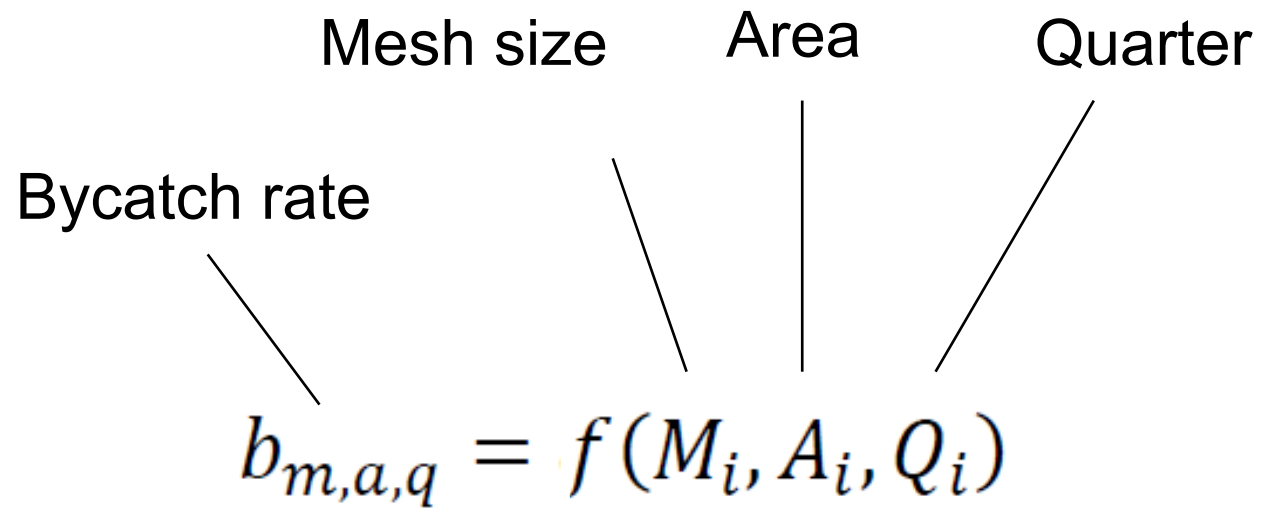
2. Estimating total bycatch

$$\text{Bycatch} = \text{Bycatch rate} \times \text{Fishing effort}$$

Based on monitoring data



Potential predictors of bycatch rate



Model comparison

Models tested

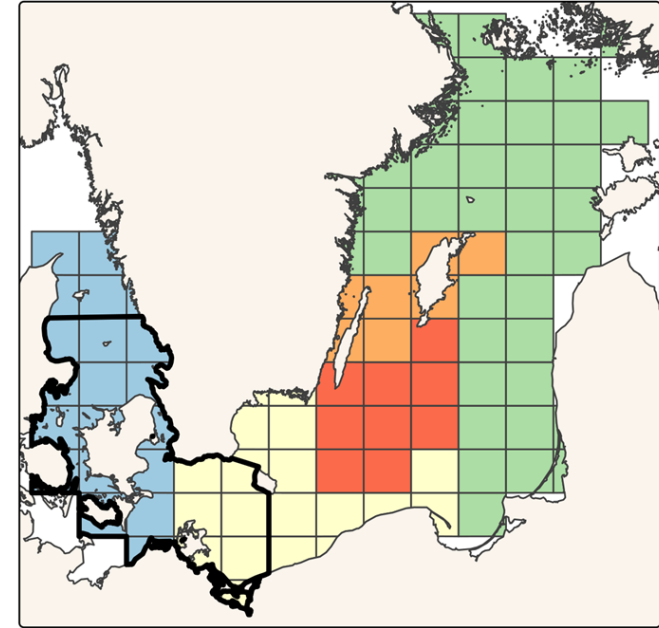
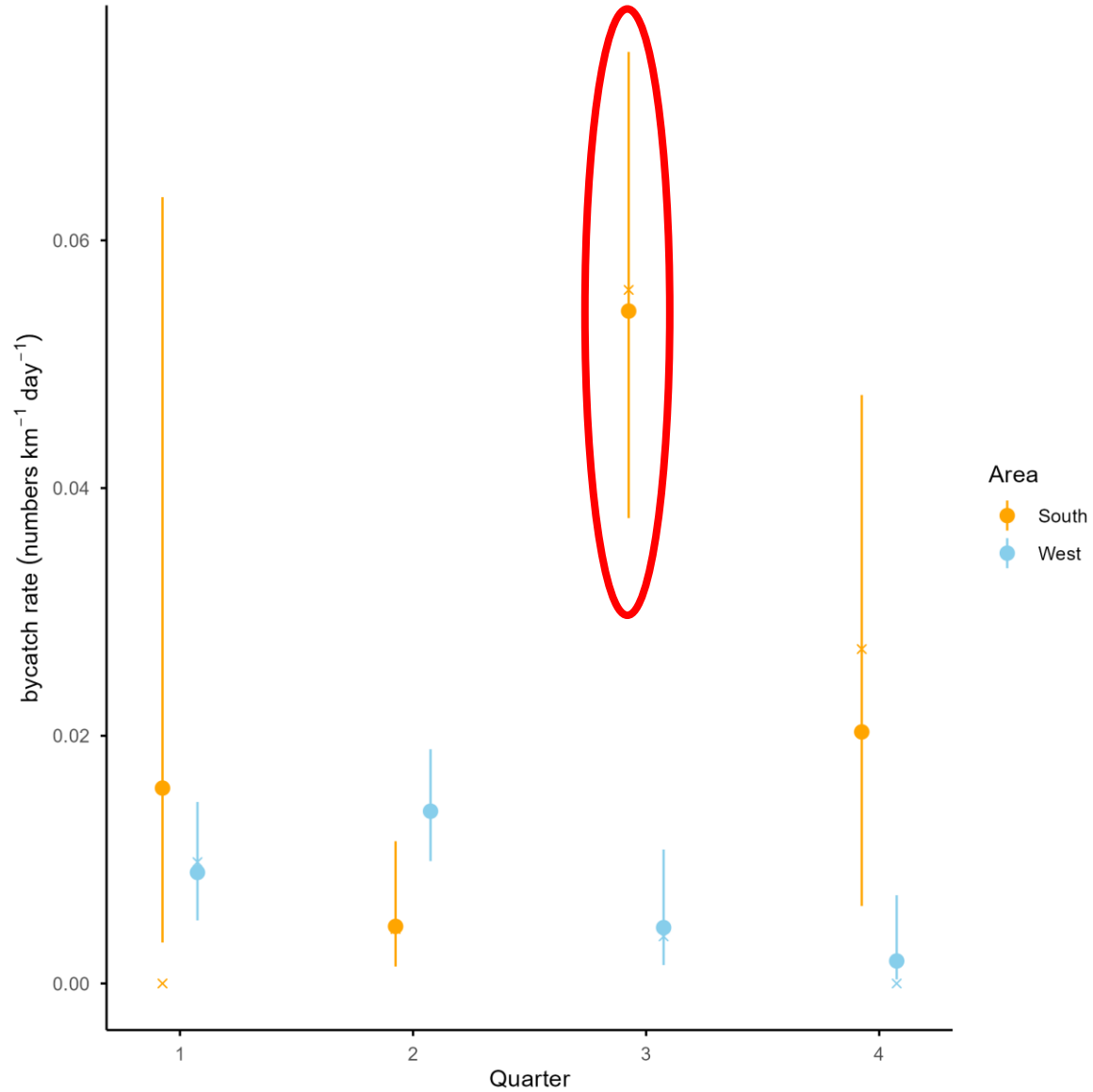
Model	α	β_M	β_A	β_Q	$\beta_{A \times Q}$
Model 1	x	x	x	x	x
Model 2	x	x	x	x	
Model 3	x		x	x	x
Model 4	x		x	x	
Model 5	x				

Leave-one-out cross validation

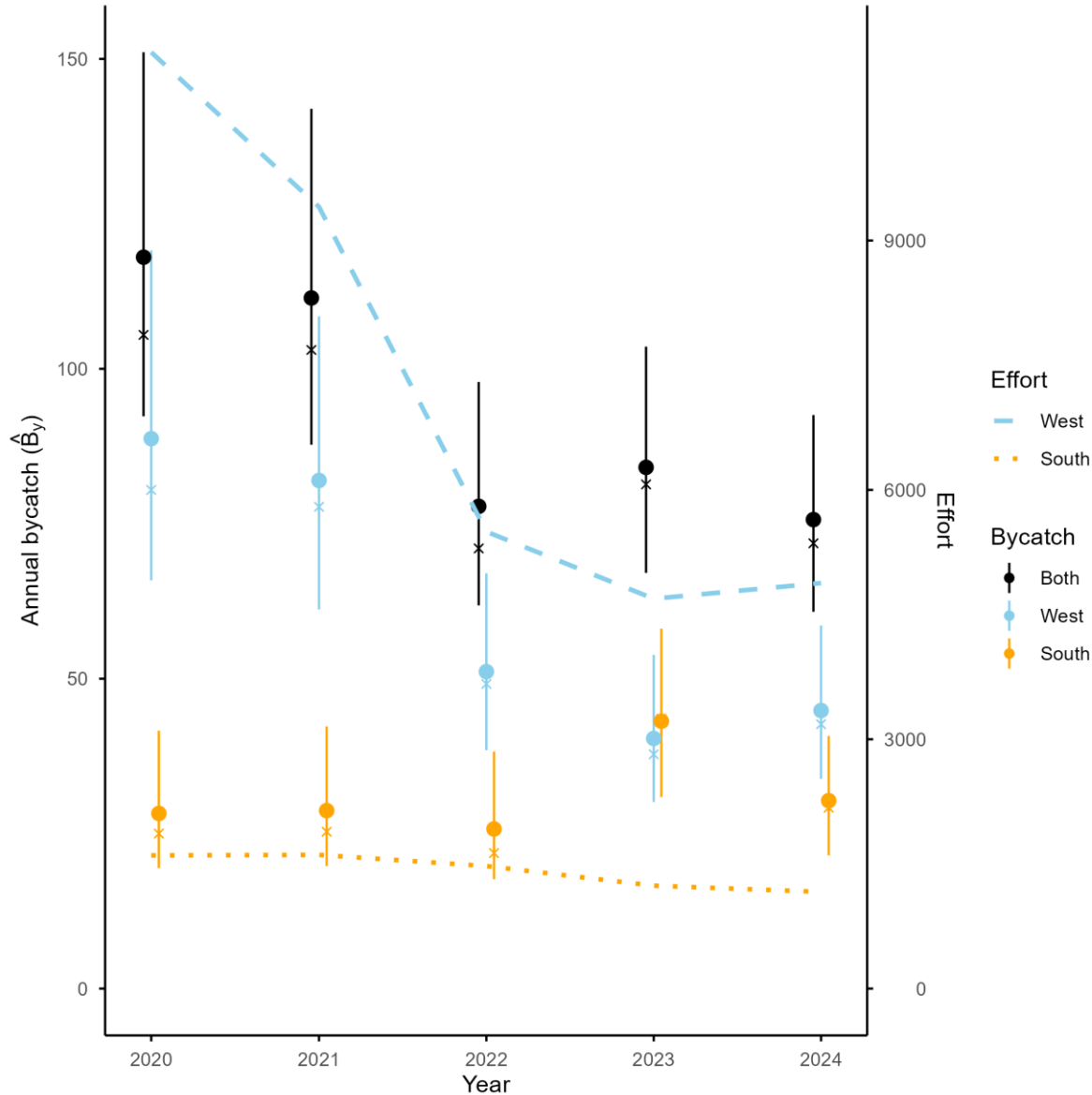
Model	Δ ELPD
Model 1	0.00 (0.00)
Model 3	-0.05 (1.10)
Model 2	-12.19 (4.60)
Model 4	-12.26 (4.49)
Model 5	-18.81 (8.87)

Results

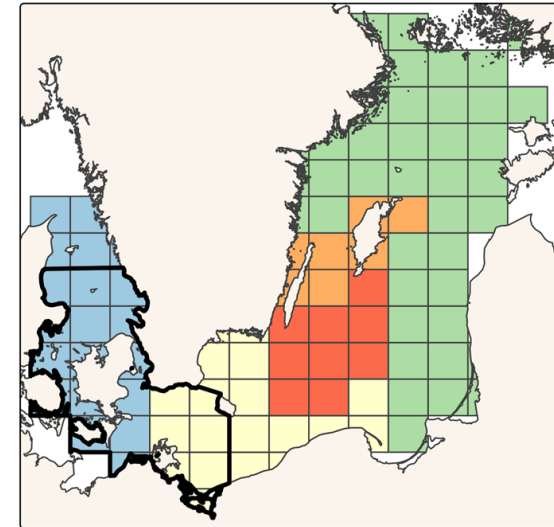
Bycatch rates



Total number of bycaught harbour porpoises



$$\hat{B}_y = \sum_a \sum_m \sum_q \hat{b}_{m,a,q} \sum_{i \in I_{y,m,a,q}} eff_i^{fishery}$$



Discussion

- Total harbour porpoise bycatch has decreased
 - Caused by a decreased gillnet fishery
- Temporal pattern in bycatch rates along the Swedish south coast coincide with temporal patterns in detection rates (Carlén et al. 2018; Biol. Cons.).
 - These individuals likely belong to the Belt Sea subpopulation



Thank you for your attention

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